MICROCHIP 24AA32A/24LC32A

32K I²C[™] Serial EEPROM

Device Selection Table

Part Number	Vcc Range	Max Clock Frequency	Temp Ranges
24AA32A	1.8-5.5	400 kHz ⁽¹⁾	I
24LC32A	2.5-5.5	400 kHz	I, E

Note 1: 100 kHz for Vcc <2.5V

Features

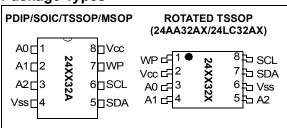
- Single supply with operation down to 1.8V
- · Low power CMOS technology
 - 1 mA active current typical
 - 1 μA standby current (max.) (I-temp)
- Organized as 4 blocks of 8K bits (32K bit)
- 2-wire serial interface bus, I²C[™] compatible
- · Cascadable for up to eight devices
- · Schmitt trigger inputs for noise suppression
- · Output slope control to eliminate ground bounce
- 100 kHz (24AA32A) and 400 kHz (24LC32A) compatibility
- Self-timed write cycle (including auto-erase)
- · Page-write buffer for up to 32 bytes
- · 2 ms typical write cycle time for page-write
- · Hardware write protect for entire memory
- · Can be operated as a serial ROM
- · Factory programming (QTP) available
- ESD protection > 4,000V
- · 1,000,000 erase/write cycles
- · Data retention > 200 years
- · 8-lead PDIP, SOIC, TSSOP, and MSOP package
- · Available temperature ranges:

Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
 Automotive (E): -40°C to +125°C

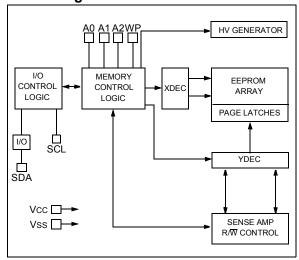
Description

The Microchip Technology Inc. 24AA32A/24LC32A (24XX32A*) is a 32 Kbit Electrically Erasable PROM. The device is organized as four blocks of 8K x 8-bit memory with a 2-wire serial interface. Low voltage design permits operation down to 1.8V with standby and active currents of only 1 µA and 1 mA respectively. It has been developed for advanced, low power applications such as personal communications or data acquisition. The 24XX32A also has a page-write capability for up to 32 bytes of data. Functional address lines allow up to eight devices on the same bus, for up to 256 Kbits address space. The 24XX32A is available in the standard 8-pin PDIP, surface mount SOIC, TSSOP and MSOP packages.

Package Types



Block Diagram



*24XX32A is used in this document as a generic part number for the 24AA32A/24LC32A devices.

1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings†

Vcc	6.5V
All inputs and outputs w.r.t. Vss	0.3V to Vcc +1.0V
Storage temperature	65°C to +150°C
Ambient temp. with power applied	40°C to +125°C
ESD protection on all pins	≥4 kV

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

1.1 DC Characteristics

DC CHARACTERISTICS			VCC = +1.8V to +5.5V Industrial (I): TAMB = -40°C to +85°C Automotive (E): TAMB = -40°C to +125°C				
Param. No.	Sym	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
D1	VIH	WP, SCL and SDA pins	_	_	_	_	_
D2	_	High level input voltage	0.7 Vcc	_	_	V	_
D3	VIL	Low level input voltage	_	_	0.3 Vcc	V	_
D4	VHYS	Hysteresis of Schmitt trigger inputs	0.05 VCC	_	_	V	(Note 1)
D5	Vol	Low level output voltage		_	0.40	V	IOL = 3.0 mA, VCC = 2.5V
D6	ILI	Input leakage current		_	±10	μΑ	VIN =.1V to VCC
D7	llo	Output leakage current		_	±10	μΑ	Vout =.1V to Vcc
D8	CIN, COUT	Pin capacitance (all inputs/outputs)	_	_	10	pF	VCC = 5.0V (Note 1) TAMB = 25°C, FCLK = 1 MHz
D9	Icc write	Operating current	_	0.1	3	mA	Vcc = 5.5V, SCL = 400 kHz
D10	Icc read		_	0.05	1	mA	_
D11	Iccs	Standby current	_	0.01	1 5	μA μA	Industrial Automotive SDA = SCL = Vcc WP = Vss

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

^{2:} Typical measurements taken at room temperature.

1.2 AC Characteristics

AC CHA	RACTERI	STICS	Vcc = +1.8\ Industrial (I) Automotive):	TAMB = -4	0°C to +85°C 0°C to +125°C
Param. No.	Sym	Characteristic	Min	Max	Units	Conditions
1	FCLK	Clock frequency	_ _	400 100	kHz	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA32A)
2	THIGH	Clock high time	600 4000	_	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA32A)
3	TLOW	Clock low time	1300 4700		ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA32A)
4	Tr	SDA and SCL rise time (Note 1)	— —	300 1000	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA32A)
5	TF	SDA and SCL fall time	_	300	ns	(Note 1)
6	THD:STA	START condition hold time	600 4000	_	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA32A)
7	Tsu:sta	START condition setup time	600 4700	_	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA32A)
8	THD:DAT	Data input hold time	0	_	ns	(Note 2)
9	Tsu:dat	Data input setup time	100 250	_	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA32A)
10	Tsu:sto	STOP condition setup time	600 4000	_	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA32A)
11	TAA	Output valid from clock (Note 2)		900 3500	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA32A)
12	TBUF	Bus free time: Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start	1300 4700	_	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (24AA32A)
13	Tof	Output fall time from VIH minimum to VIL maximum	20+0.1Св —	250 250	ns	2.5V ≤ VCC ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC ≤ 2.5V (24AA32A)
14	TSP	Input filter spike suppression (SDA and SCL pins)	_	50	ns	(Notes 1 and 3)
15	Twc	Write cycle time (byte or page)	_	5	ms	_
16	—	Endurance	1M	_	cycles	25°C, Vcc = 5.0V, Block Mode (Note 4)

Note 1: Not 100% tested. CB = total capacitance of one bus line in pF.

- 2: As a transmitter, the device must provide an internal minimum delay time to bridge the undefined region (minimum 300 ns) of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of START or STOP conditions.
- **3:** The combined TSP and VHYS specifications are due to new Schmitt trigger inputs which provide improved noise spike suppression. This eliminates the need for a Ti specification for standard operation.
- **4:** This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance Model which can be obtained on Microchip's website: www.microchip.com.

FIGURE 1-1: BUS TIMING DATA

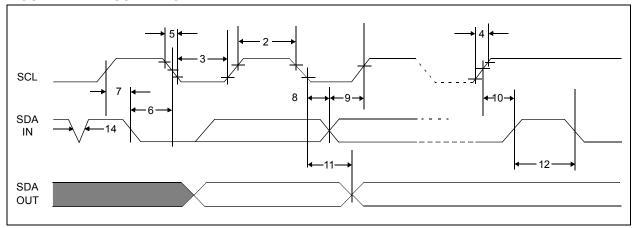
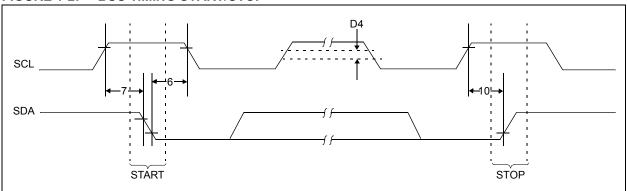


FIGURE 1-2: BUS TIMING START/STOP



2.0 **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

The 24XX32A supports a bi-directional 2-wire bus and data transmission protocol. A device that sends data onto the bus is defined as transmitter, and a device receiving data as receiver. The bus has to be controlled by a master device which generates the serial clock (SCL), controls the bus access and generates the START and STOP conditions, while the 24XX32A works as slave. Both master and slave can operate as transmitter or receiver, but the master device determines which mode is activated.

3.0 **BUS CHARACTERISTICS**

The following bus protocol has been defined:

- · Data transfer may be initiated only when the bus is not busy.
- · During data transfer, the data line must remain stable whenever the clock line is HIGH. Changes in the data line while the clock line is HIGH will be interpreted as a START or STOP condition.

Accordingly, the following bus conditions have been defined (Figure 3-1).

3.1 **Bus not Busy (A)**

Both data and clock lines remain HIGH.

3.2 Start Data Transfer (B)

A HIGH to LOW transition of the SDA line while the clock (SCL) is HIGH determines a START condition. All commands must be preceded by a START condition.

3.3 Stop Data Transfer (C)

A LOW to HIGH transition of the SDA line while the clock (SCL) is HIGH determines a STOP condition. All operations must be ended with a STOP condition.

3.4 Data Valid (D)

The state of the data line represents valid data when, after a START condition, the data line is stable for the duration of the HIGH period of the clock signal.

The data on the line must be changed during the LOW period of the clock signal. There is one clock pulse per bit of data.

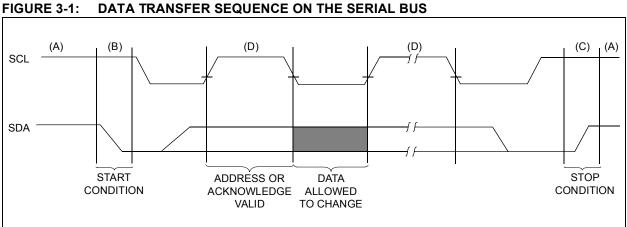
Each data transfer is initiated with a START condition and terminated with a STOP condition. The number of the data bytes transferred between the START and STOP conditions is determined by the master device and is theoretically unlimited, although only the last sixteen will be stored when doing a write operation. When an overwrite does occur it will replace data in a first-in first-out (FIFO) fashion.

3.5 **Acknowledge**

Each receiving device, when addressed, is obliged to generate an acknowledge after the reception of each byte. The master device must generate an extra clock pulse which is associated with this acknowledge bit.

The 24XX32A does not generate any acknowledge bits if an internal programming cycle is in progress.

The device that acknowledges, has to pull down the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse in such a way that the SDA line is stable LOW during the HIGH period of the acknowledge related clock pulse. Of course, setup and hold times must be taken into account. During reads, a master must signal an end of data to the slave by not generating an acknowledge bit on the last byte that has been clocked out of the slave. In this case, the slave (24XX32A) will leave the data line HIGH to enable the master to generate the STOP condition.



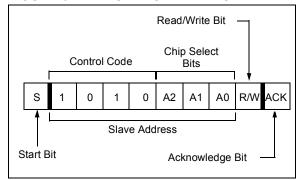
3.6 Device Addressing

A control byte is the first byte received following the start condition from the master device (Figure 3-2). The control byte consists of a four bit control code; for the 24XX32A this is set as 1010 binary for read and write operations. The next three bits of the control byte are the chip select bits (A2, A1, A0). The chip select bits allow the use of up to eight 24XX32A devices on the same bus and are used to select which device is accessed. The chip select bits in the control byte must correspond to the logic levels on the corresponding A2, A1, and A0 pins for the device to respond. These bits are in effect the three most significant bits of the word address.

The last bit of the control byte defines the operation to be performed. When set to a one a read operation is selected, and when set to a zero a write operation is selected. The next two bytes received define the address of the first data byte (Figure 3-3). Because only A11...A0 are used, the upper four address bits are don't care bits. The upper address bits are transferred first, followed by the less significant bits.

Following the start condition, the 24XX32A monitors the SDA bus checking the device type identifier being transmitted. Upon receiving a 1010 code and appropriate device select bits, the slave device outputs an acknowledge signal on the SDA line. Depending on the state of the R/W bit, the 24XX32A will select a read or write operation.

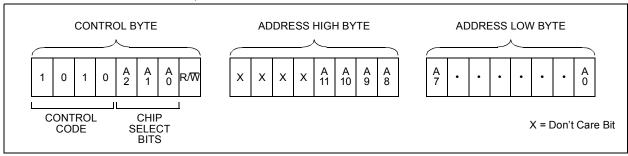
FIGURE 3-2: CONTROL BYTE FORMAT



3.7 Contiguous Addressing Across Multiple Devices

The chip select bits A2, A1, A0 can be used to expand the contiguous address space for up to 256K bits by adding up to eight 24XX32A's on the same bus. In this case, software can use A0 of the <u>control byte</u> as address bit A12, A1 as address bit A13, and A2 as address bit A14. It is not possible to sequentially read across device boundaries.

FIGURE 3-3: ADDRESS SEQUENCE BIT ASSIGNMENTS



4.0 WRITE OPERATIONS

4.1 Byte Write

Following the start condition from the master, the control code (four bits), the chip select (three bits), and the R/W bit (which is a logic low) are clocked onto the bus by the master transmitter. This indicates to the addressed slave receiver that the address high byte will follow after it has generated an acknowledge bit during the ninth clock cycle. Therefore, the next byte transmitted by the master is the high-order byte of the word address and will be written into the address pointer of the 24XX32A. The next byte is the least significant address byte. After receiving another acknowledge signal from the 24XX32A the master device will transmit the data word to be written into the addressed memory location. The 24XX32A acknowledges again and the master generates a stop condition. This initiates the internal write cycle, and during this time the 24XX32A will not generate acknowledge signals (Figure 4-1). If an attempt is made to write to the array with the WP pin held high, the device will acknowledge the command but no write cycle will occur, no data will be written and the device will immediately accept a new command. After a byte write command, the internal address counter will point to the address location following the one that was just written.

4.2 Page Write

The write control byte, word address and the first data byte are transmitted to the 24XX32A in the same way as in a byte write. But instead of generating a stop condition, the master transmits up to 31 additional bytes which are temporarily stored in the on-chip page buffer and will be written into memory after the master has transmitted a stop condition. After receipt of each word, the five lower address pointer bits are internally incremented by one. If the master should transmit more than 32 bytes prior to generating the stop condition, the address counter will roll over and the previously received data will be overwritten. As with the byte write operation, once the stop condition is received, an internal write cycle will begin (Figure 4-2). If an attempt is made to write to the array with the WP pin held high, the device will acknowledge the command but no write cycle will occur, no data will be written and the device will immediately accept a new command.

Note: Page write operations are limited to writing bytes within a single physical page, regardless of the number of bytes actually being written. Physical page boundaries start at addresses that are integer multiples of the page buffer size (or 'page size') and end at addresses that are integer multiples of [page size - 1]. If a page write command attempts to write across a physical page boundary, the result is that the data wraps around to the beginning of the current page (overwriting data previously stored there), instead of being written to the next page as might be expected. It is therefore necessary for the application software to prevent page write operations that would attempt to cross a page boundary.

4.3 Write Protection

The WP pin allows the user to write protect the entire array (000-FFF) when the pin is tied to Vcc. If tied to Vss or left floating, the write protection is disabled. The WP pin is sampled at the STOP bit for every write command (Figure 3-1) Toggling the WP pin after the STOP bit will have no effect on the execution of the write cycle.

24AA32A/24LC32A

FIGURE 4-1: BYTE WRITE

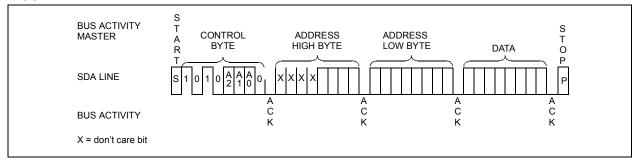
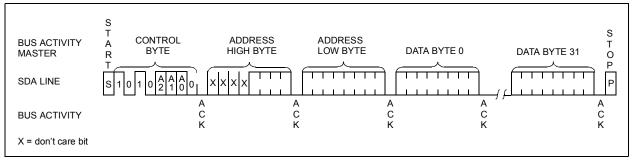


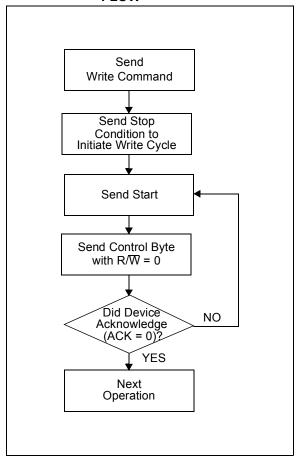
FIGURE 4-2: PAGE WRITE



5.0 ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING

Since the device will not acknowledge during a write cycle, this can be used to determine when the cycle is complete (this feature can be used to maximize bus throughput). Once the stop condition for a write command has been issued from the master, the device initiates the internally timed write cycle. ACK polling can be initiated immediately. This involves the master sending a start condition followed by the control byte for a write command (R/W = 0). If the device is still busy with the write cycle, then no ACK will be returned. If no ACK is returned, then the start bit and control byte must be re-sent. If the cycle is complete, then the device will return the ACK and the master can then proceed with the next read or write command. See Figure 5-1 for flow diagram.

FIGURE 5-1: ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING FLOW



6.0 READ OPERATION

Read operations are initiated in the same \underline{w} ay as write operations with the exception that the R/W bit of the control byte is set to one. There are three basic types of read operations: current address read, random read, and sequential read.

6.1 Current Address Read

The 24XX32A contains an address counter that maintains the address of the last word accessed, internally incremented by one. Therefore, if the previous read access was to address n (n is any legal address), the next current address read operation would access data from address n + 1.

Upon receipt of the control byte with R/\overline{W} bit set to one, the 24XX32A issues an acknowledge and transmits the eight bit data word. The master will not acknowledge the transfer but does generate a stop condition and the 24XX32A discontinues transmission (Figure 6-1).

6.2 Random Read

Random read operations allow the master to access any memory location in a random manner. To perform this type of read operation, first the word address must be set. This is done by sending the word address to the 24XX32A as part of a write operation (R/W bit set to 0). After the word address is sent, the master generates a start condition following the acknowledge. This terminates the write operation, but not before the internal address pointer is set. Then the master issues the control byte again but with the R/W bit set to a one. The 24XX32A will then issue an acknowledge and transmit the 8-bit data word. The master will not acknowledge the transfer but does generate a stop condition which causes the 24XX32A to discontinue transmission (Figure 6-2). After a random read command, the internal address counter will point to the address location following the one that was just read.

6.3 Sequential Read

Sequential reads are initiated in the same way as a random read except that after the 24XX32A transmits the first data byte, the master issues an acknowledge as opposed to the stop condition used in a random read. This acknowledge directs the 24XX32A to transmit the next sequentially addressed 8-bit word (Figure 6-3). Following the final byte transmitted to the master, the master will NOT generate an acknowledge but will generate a stop condition. To provide sequential reads the 24XX32A contains an internal address pointer which is incremented by one at the completion of each operation. This address pointer allows the entire memory contents to be serially read during one operation. The internal address pointer will automatically roll over from address FFF to address 000 if the master acknowledges the byte received from the array address FFF.

FIGURE 6-1: CURRENT ADDRESS READ

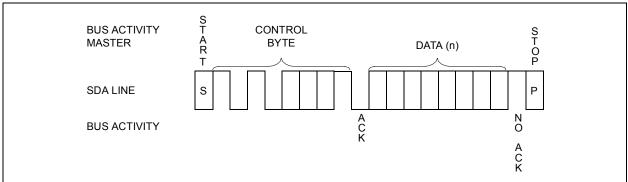


FIGURE 6-2: RANDOM READ

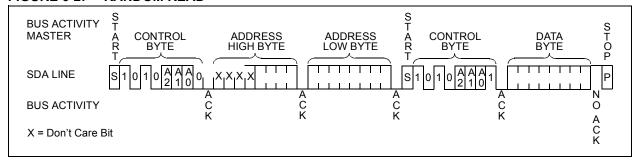
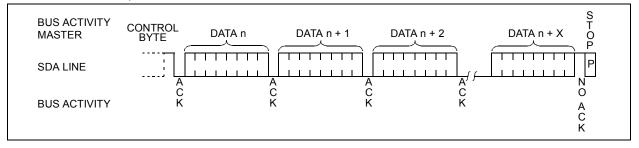


FIGURE 6-3: SEQUENTIAL READ



7.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 7-1.

TABLE 7-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Name	PDIP	SOIC	TSSOP	MSOP	ROTATED TSSOP	Description
A0	1	1	1	1	3	Chip Address Input
A1	2	2	2	2	4	Chip Address Input
A2	3	3	3	3	5	Chip Address Input
Vss	4	4	4	4	6	Ground
SDA	5	5	5	5	7	Serial Address/Data I/O
SCL	6	6	6	6	8	Serial Clock
WP	7	7	7	7	1	Write Protect Input
Vcc	8	8	8	8	2	+1.8V to 5.5V Power Supply

7.1 A0, A1, A2 Chip Address Inputs

The A0,A1,A2 inputs are used by the 24XX32A for multiple device operation. The levels on these inputs are compared with the corresponding bits in the slave address. The chip is selected if the compare is true.

Up to eight devices may be connected to the same bus by using different chip select bit combinations. These inputs must be connected to either Vcc or Vss.

7.2 Serial Data (SDA)

This is a bi-directional pin used to transfer addresses and data into and data out of the device. It is an opendrain terminal, therefore, the SDA bus requires a pullup resistor to VCC (typical 10 k Ω for 100 kHz, 2 k Ω for 400 kHz)

For normal data transfer SDA is allowed to change only during SCL low. Changes during SCL high are reserved for indicating the START and STOP conditions.

7.3 Serial Clock (SCL)

This input is used to synchronize the data transfer from and to the device.

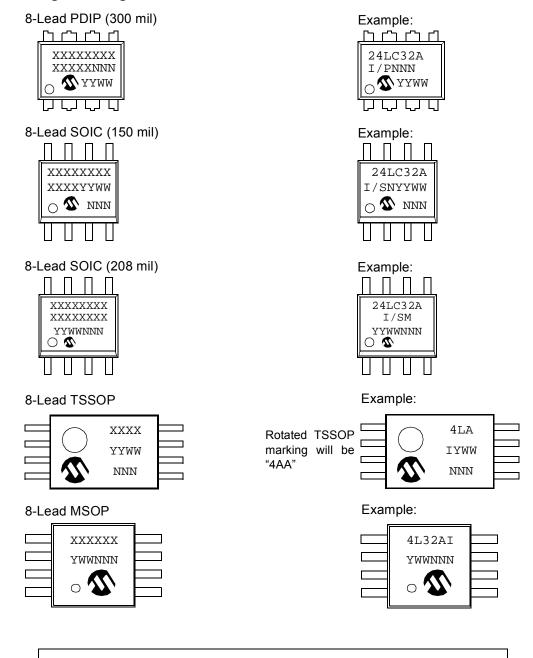
7.4 Write Protect (WP)

This pin can be connected to either Vss, Vcc or left floating. An internal pull-down resistor on this pin will keep the device in the unprotected state if left floating. If tied to Vss or left floating, normal memory operation is enabled (read/write the entire memory 000-FFF).

If tied to VCC, WRITE operations are inhibited. Read operations are not affected.

8.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

8.1 Package Marking Information



Legend: XX...X Customer specific information*

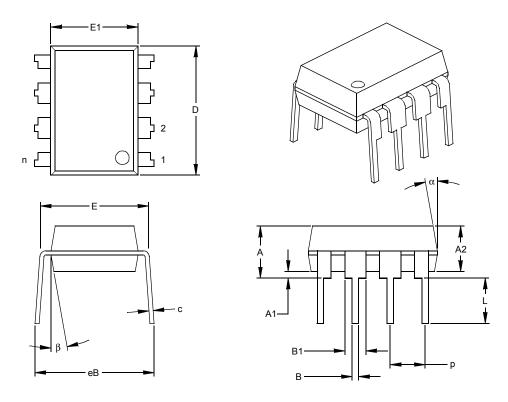
YY Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
WW Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')

NNN Alphanumeric traceability code

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line thus limiting the number of available characters for customer specific information.

* Standard OTP marking consists of Microchip part number, year code, week code, and traceability code.

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-line (P) - 300 mil (PDIP)



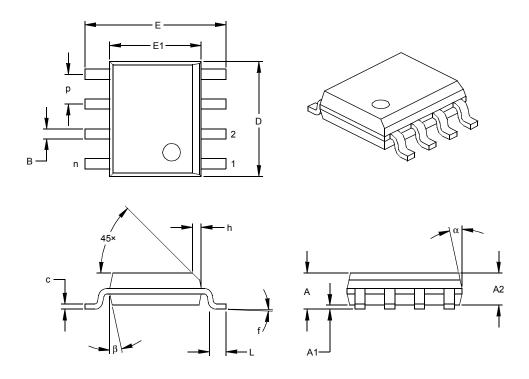
	Units		INCHES*		N	IILLIMETERS	3
Dimensi	on Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	р		.100			2.54	
Top to Seating Plane	Α	.140	.155	.170	3.56	3.94	4.32
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.145	2.92	3.30	3.68
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015			0.38		
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	Е	.300	.313	.325	7.62	7.94	8.26
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.260	6.10	6.35	6.60
Overall Length	D	.360	.373	.385	9.14	9.46	9.78
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.125	.130	.135	3.18	3.30	3.43
Lead Thickness	С	.008	.012	.015	0.20	0.29	0.38
Upper Lead Width	B1	.045	.058	.070	1.14	1.46	1.78
Lower Lead Width	В	.014	.018	.022	0.36	0.46	0.56
Overall Row Spacing	§ eB	.310	.370	.430	7.87	9.40	10.92
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5	10	15	5	10	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5	10	15	5	10	15

Notes:Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side. JEDEC Equivalent: MS-001

Drawing No. C04-018

^{*} Controlling Parameter § Significant Characteristic

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 150 mil (SOIC)

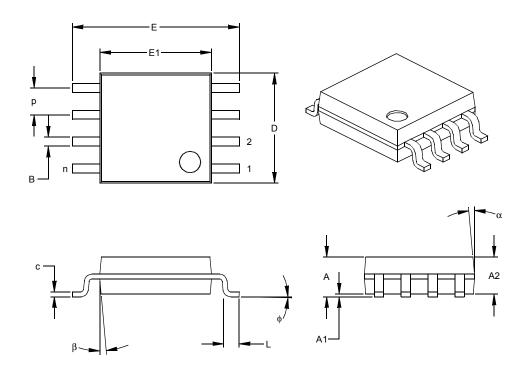


	Units		INCHES*		N	IILLIMETERS	3
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	р		.050			1.27	
Overall Height	Α	.053	.061	.069	1.35	1.55	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.052	.056	.061	1.32	1.42	1.55
Standoff §	A1	.004	.007	.010	0.10	0.18	0.25
Overall Width	Е	.228	.237	.244	5.79	6.02	6.20
Molded Package Width	E1	.146	.154	.157	3.71	3.91	3.99
Overall Length	D	.189	.193	.197	4.80	4.90	5.00
Chamfer Distance	h	.010	.015	.020	0.25	0.38	0.51
Foot Length	L	.019	.025	.030	0.48	0.62	0.76
Foot Angle	f	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	С	.008	.009	.010	0.20	0.23	0.25
Lead Width	В	.013	.017	.020	0.33	0.42	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	12	15	0	12	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	12	15	0	12	15

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side. JEDEC Equivalent: MS-012 Drawing No. C04-057

^{*} Controlling Parameter § Significant Characteristic

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SM) - Medium, 208 mil (SOIC)



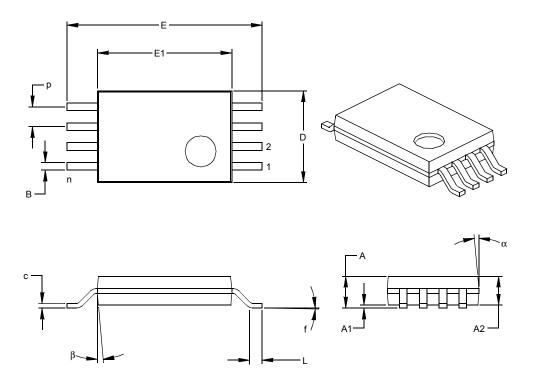
	Units		INCHES*		N	ILLIMETERS	3
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	р		.050			1.27	
Overall Height	Α	.070	.075	.080	1.78	1.97	2.03
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.069	.074	.078	1.75	1.88	1.98
Standoff §	A1	.002	.005	.010	0.05	0.13	0.25
Overall Width	E	.300	.313	.325	7.62	7.95	8.26
Molded Package Width	E1	.201	.208	.212	5.11	5.28	5.38
Overall Length	D	.202	.205	.210	5.13	5.21	5.33
Foot Length	L	.020	.025	.030	0.51	0.64	0.76
Foot Angle	ф	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	С	.008	.009	.010	0.20	0.23	0.25
Lead Width	В	.014	.017	.020	0.36	0.43	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	12	15	0	12	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	12	15	0	12	15

Notes: Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

Drawing No. C04-056

^{*} Controlling Parameter § Significant Characteristic

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) – 4.4 mm (TSSOP)



	Units		INCHES		N	IILLIMETERS)*
Dimension	n Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	р		.026			0.65	
Overall Height	Α			.043			1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.033	.035	.037	0.85	0.90	0.95
Standoff §	A1	.002	.004	.006	0.05	0.10	0.15
Overall Width	Е	.246	.251	.256	6.25	6.38	6.50
Molded Package Width	E1	.169	.173	.177	4.30	4.40	4.50
Molded Package Length	D	.114	.118	.122	2.90	3.00	3.10
Foot Length	L	.020	.024	.028	0.50	0.60	0.70
Foot Angle	f	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	С	.004	.006	.008	0.09	0.15	0.20
Lead Width	В	.007	.010	.012	0.19	0.25	0.30
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	5	10	0	5	10
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	5	10	0	5	10

Notes:

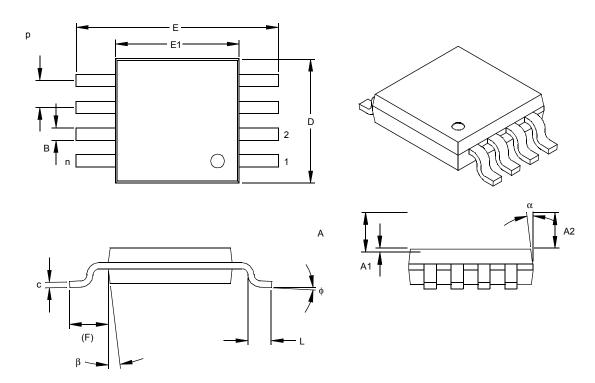
Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed

.005" (0.127mm) per side.

JEDEC Equivalent: MO-153 Drawing No. C04-086

^{*} Controlling Parameter § Significant Characteristic

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) (MSOP)



	Units		INCHES		М	ILLIMETERS*	
Dimensi	on Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8				8
Pitch	р		.026			0.65	
Overall Height	Α			.044			1.18
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.030	.034	.038	0.76	0.86	0.97
Standoff §	A1	.002		.006	0.05		0.15
Overall Width	E	.184	.193	.200	4.67	4.90	.5.08
Molded Package Width	E1	.114	.118	.122	2.90	3.00	3.10
Overall Length	D	.114	.118	.122	2.90	3.00	3.10
Foot Length	L	.016	.022	.028	0.40	0.55	0.70
Footprint (Reference)	F	.035	.037	.039	0.90	0.95	1.00
Foot Angle	ф	0		6	0		6
Lead Thickness	С	.004	.006	.008	0.10	0.15	0.20
Lead Width	В	.010	.012	.016	0.25	0.30	0.40
Mold Draft Angle Top	α		7			7	
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β		7			7	

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

Drawing No. C04-111

^{*}Controlling Parameter § Significant Characteristic

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PART No Device	T _ T,	Examples: a) 24AA32A-I/P: Industrial Temperature, PDIP package
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Temperature Range:	I = -40°C to +85°C E = -40°C to +125°C	
Package:	P = Plastic DIP (300 mil body), 8-lead SN = Plastic SOIC (150 mil body), 8-lead SM = Plastic SOIC (208 mil body), 8-lead ST = Plastic TSSOP (4.4 mm), 8-lead MS = Plastic Micro Small Outline (MSOP), 8-lead	

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24AA32A/24LC32A

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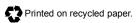
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Kokomo

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Los Angeles

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New York

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San Jose

Microchip Technology Inc. 2107 North First Street, Suite 590 San Jose, CA 95131 Tel: 408-436-7950 Fax: 408-436-7955

Toronto

6285 Northam Drive, Suite 108 Mississauga, Ontario L4V 1X5, Canada Tel: 905-673-0699 Fax: 905-673-6509

ASIA/PACIFIC

Australia

Microchip Technology Australia Pty Ltd Suite 22, 41 Rawson Street Epping 2121, NSW Australia

Tel: 61-2-9868-6733 Fax: 61-2-9868-6755

China - Beijing Microchip Technology Consulting (Shanghai)

Co., Ltd., Beijing Liaison Office Bei Hai Wan Tai Bldg.

No. 6 Chaoyangmen Beidajie Beijing, 100027, No. China Tel: 86-10-85282100 Fax: 86-10-85282104

China - Chengdu

Microchip Technology Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., Chengdu Liaison Office Rm. 2401, 24th Floor, Ming Xing Financial Tower No. 88 TIDU Street Chengdu 610016, China Tel: 86-28-6766200 Fax: 86-28-6766599

China - Fuzhou

Microchip Technology Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., Fuzhou Liaison Office Unit 28F, World Trade Plaza No. 71 Wusi Road Fuzhou 350001, China Tel: 86-591-7503506 Fax: 86-591-7503521

China - Shanghai

Microchip Technology Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Room 701, Bldg. B Far East International Plaza

No. 317 Xian Xia Road Shanghai, 200051

Tel: 86-21-6275-5700 Fax: 86-21-6275-5060

China - Shenzhen

Microchip Technology Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., Shenzhen Liaison Office Rm. 1315, 13/F, Shenzhen Kerry Centre, Renminnan Lu Shenzhen 518001, China Tel: 86-755-2350361 Fax: 86-755-2366086

Hong Kong

Microchip Technology Hongkong Ltd. Unit 901-6, Tower 2, Metroplaza 223 Hing Fong Road Kwai Fong, N.T., Hong Kong Tel: 852-2401-1200 Fax: 852-2401-3431

India

Microchip Technology Inc. India Liaison Office Divyasree Chambers 1 Floor, Wing A (A3/A4) No. 11, O'Shaugnessey Road Bangalore, 560 025, India Tel: 91-80-2290061 Fax: 91-80-2290062

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Microchip Technology Japan K.K. Benex S-1 6F 3-18-20, Shinyokohama Kohoku-Ku, Yokohama-shi Kanagawa, 222-0033, Japan Tel: 81-45-471-6166 Fax: 81-45-471-6122

Korea

Microchip Technology Korea 168-1, Youngbo Bldg. 3 Floor Samsung-Dong, Kangnam-Ku Seoul, Korea 135-882

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Singapore

Microchip Technology Singapore Pte Ltd. 200 Middle Road #07-02 Prime Centre Singapore, 188980 Tel: 65-334-8870 Fax: 65-334-8850

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Germany Microchip Technology GmbH Gustav-Heinemann Ring 125 D-81739 Munich, Germany Tel: 49-89-627-144 0 Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

Italy

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